

EIA Evidence – Care Management in the Older People and Long Term Conditions (LTC) team

People aged 18 – 64

Ethnicity

People from BME communities are less likely to classify themselves as having a LTC/limiting long term illness (LLTI) – Census 2001 for Bracknell Forest shows:

	Total 16-64	White British	% WB	White Irish & White Other	% WI, WO	Black & Minority Ethnic	%BME	% BME (inc. WI, WO)
ALL	73,322	65,916	89.90%	3,750	5.11%	3,656	4.99%	10.10%
LLTI	6,637	6,073	91.50%	270	4.07%	294	4.43%	8.50%
LLTI - poor health	2,469	2,277	92.22%	95	3.85%	97	3.93%	7.78%

Of the people with a LTC receiving support from Adult Social Care, 4.94% are from the BME community. Therefore there does not appear to be a problem with the number of people from BME communities accessing support from the LTC team.

A breakdown of the type of support provided again shows no difference between the BME and White communities. (*See LTC needs analysis, 'Ethnicity versus Service Type' page 32*)

Gender

A higher proportion of women than men reported having a LLTI in the 2001 Census. (9.16% of women v. 8.46% of men).

Referrals of people with a LTC in 2006/07 show more men than women were referred – 50.5% men, 49.5% women.

One reason for this reversal may be that women were more likely than men to classify themselves as having a LLTI in the Census. The % of referrals for men and women is consistent with the proportion of men and women aged 18-64 in the Bracknell Forest population, (50.2% men, 49.8% women). Therefore, **no action is recommended at this stage**, apart from continuing to monitor. If the discrepancy increased, further investigation to identify the causes is recommended.

Disability

As the team is supporting people with LTCs, it should have a positive impact on this group. Further work to analysing by type of disability could ensure no particular disability is disadvantaged.

Recommendation – recording type of disability on Swift and comparing this against the proportion of people with those disabilities in the population.

Age

Unsurprisingly, the chances of developing a LTC increases with age.

Data from Swift shows a similar pattern with the proportion of referrals increasing with age, with 55% of referrals being for people over the age of 65. This being the case, no further action is recommended.

Sexual Orientation

There is not enough data in this area to analyse any impact.

Recommendation – investigate how to develop this area of analysis.

Religion

Although there is some data on religion recorded on Swift, there is not sufficient to make meaningful comparisons.

Recommendation – develop this area of recording and analysis.

People aged 65+

Ethnicity

The 2001 Census showed that Bracknell Forest had very few people from BME groups aged over 65. Therefore data comparisons should be viewed with caution due to the small numbers involved.

2001 Census data showed 131 people (1.13%) aged 65+ were from BME groups, (excluding White Irish and White Other). 47 also stated that they had a LLTI. This represents 0.86% of the total number of people aged 65+ who stated they had a LLTI. As with people from BME communities aged 18 to 64, people aged 65+ were also less likely to state they had a LLTI than people from a 'White British' background.

Data from Swift, (reported in RAP 2007/08), shows 1.06% of people aged 65+, who had a LTC, were from BME communities. This is in line with the Bracknell Forest population and slightly higher than the proportion stating they had a LLTI. Therefore data supports the view that the service is equitable in terms of ethnicity.

Recommendation: Re-check with updated ethnicity estimates as part of the 'Overarching Needs Analysis'.

Gender

National data shows that more women than men have a physical disability.

Currently local data has not been analysed by gender. It is therefore not possible to ascertain whether there is a possible inequity by gender in support provided.

Recommendation: Analysis of the provision of support by gender should be undertaken as part of the 'Overarching Needs Analysis' due to be completed by June '09.

Disability - *As 18-64 'Disability' comment*

Age - *As 18-64 'Age' comment*

Sexual Orientation - *As 18-64 'Sexual Orientation' comment*

Religion - *As 18-64 'Religion' comment*

Further recommendation – develop more qualitative data to check people's view of the support provided and analyse by groups above.

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