



Bracknell Forest Council

Admission Arrangements

**Primary Community and
Voluntary Controlled schools**

**For entry to schools
in
2020-2021**

Applications for primary schools will be processed according to the published co-ordinated scheme for 2020-2021. The scheme and the admissions arrangements will be published in the LA's composite prospectus. This is entitled A Parent's Guide to Primary School Admissions in Bracknell Forest for children starting primary school in the school year starting September 2020. This guide will be available from 12th September 2019.

OVERSUBSCRIPTION CRITERIA

Bracknell Forest is the admission authority for the community and voluntary controlled schools within the borough. The criteria for all of these schools and for the voluntary aided and academy schools can be found in the 'Guide to Primary Admissions within Bracknell Forest', on the Bracknell Forest Council's website or from the school.

In circumstances where more applications than places are received for Bracknell Forest community schools the following criteria will be used.

○ **Oversubscription Criteria for community primary schools**

Bracknell Forest is the admission authority for community schools and sets the admission criteria.

The following criteria apply to these schools:

Ascot Heath Primary	New Scotland Hill Primary
Birch Hill Primary	Owlsmoor Primary
College Town Primary	The Pines Primary
Cranbourne Primary	Sandy Lane Primary
Fox Hill Primary	Uplands Primary
Harmans Water Primary	Whitegrove Primary
Holly Spring Primary	Wildridings Primary
Meadow Vale Primary	Wooden Hill Primary

Children with an Education Health & Care Plan that names a specific school must, by law, be admitted to that school.

After this requirement has been satisfied the following rules will apply:

- (A) Looked After Children¹ and all previously looked after children. Previously looked after children are children who were looked after, but ceased to be so because they were adopted² (or became subject to a child arrangements order³ or special guardianship order⁴) immediately following having been looked after.

¹ A 'looked after child' is a child who is (a) in the care of a local authority in England, or (b) being provided with accommodation by a local authority in England in the exercise of their social services functions (see the definition in Section 22(1) of the Children Act 1989) at the time of making an application to a school.

² This includes children who were adopted under the Adoption Act 1976 (see section 12 adoption orders) and children who were adopted under the Adoption and Children's Act 2002 (see section 46 adoption orders).

³ Child arrangements orders are defined in s.8 of the Children Act 1989, as amended by s.12

- (B) Children who appear to have been in state care outside of England and ceased to be in state care as a result of being adopted⁵
- (C) Children who have either medical or social grounds for admission to a particular school. This evidence must set out the particular reason why the school in question is the only suitable school and the difficulties caused if the child had to attend another school. The LA's decision in these matters is final.
- (D) Children of staff at a particular school. Where a member of staff has been employed at the school for two or more years at the time at which the application for admission to the school is made and/or the member of staff is recruited to fill a vacant post for which there is demonstrable skill shortage.
- (E) Children who live in the **designated area** of the school and who have a **sibling** who will still be attending the school at the time of the child's admission.
- (F) Children who live in the **designated area** of the school
- (G) Children who **do not** live in the designated area of the school but who have a **sibling** at the school, and who will still be attending the school at the time of the child's admission.
- (H) All other children

Children must be living in the designated area at the closing date of 15 January 2020 to be considered under this criterion.

Tie Break

After this, if there are still insufficient places, and no distinction can be made between the applicants or if they do not fulfil any of the above criteria, a final decision will be made on the *radial distance* (straight line distance on a map) between the home and the school. Those living nearer to the school will be placed higher than those living further away. Radial distance will be based on the co-ordinates for the property and the school as defined in the Local Land and Property Gazetteer and based on the Ordnance Survey's national system. For new build properties these co-ordinates may not yet be finalised by the Local Land and Property Gazetteer and therefore the co-ordinates available as of the closing date for applications will be used.

Distances are measured using direct distance calculations within a computer system. The measurement of each distance has been calculated using Pythagoras' Theorem. The way in which this is done is to calculate the distance in metres between the Easting and Northing co-ordinates for each location. The measurement in metres is then multiplied by 0.000621317 to convert this measurement to miles. The same

of the Children and Families Act 2014. Child arrangements orders replace residence orders and any residence order in force prior to 22 April 2014 is deemed to be a child arrangements order.

⁴ See Section 14A of the Children Act 1989 which defines a 'special guardianship order' as an order appointing one or more individuals to be a child's special guardian (or special guardians).

⁵ This includes children who were in state care in a place outside of England, if they were accommodated by, a public authority, a religious organisation or other provider of care whose sole purpose is to benefit society.

method of calculation is used for each direct distance measured. This can be to three, four or five decimal places where necessary.

Distances for split site schools will be measured as above to both sites and the shortest distance will then be used for the application.

If in the event that two or more children live at the same distance from school and it cannot be separated, for example where families live in flats and there are fewer places available, then random allocation will be used to decide which child will be allocated the remaining place(s). The process will be drawn and scrutinised by people who are independent of the Council. Random allocation will not be used for multiple birth siblings (twins, triplets etc) from the same family tied for the final place.

Where demand exists, schools admit up to their admission number and no places are reserved for pupils moving into their designated area.

As soon as all applications have been received, including those submitted on line and from outside Bracknell Forest, the LA will consider all applications equally for its maintained schools and apply the admissions arrangements as published.

- **Oversubscription criteria for the following voluntary controlled primary school**

The LA is the admission authority for their voluntary controlled schools and sets the admission criteria.

These criteria apply to the following schools:

Winkfield St. Mary's CE Primary School	
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If the number of requests for places is equal to or less than the number of places available, then all applicants could be offered a place at that school.

Children with an Education Health & Care Plan that names a specific school must, by law, be admitted to that school.

After this requirement has been satisfied the following rules will apply:

- (A) Looked After Children⁶ and all previously looked after children. Previously looked after children are children who were looked after, but ceased to be so because they were adopted⁷ (or became subject to a child arrangements order⁸ or special guardianship order⁹) immediately following having been looked after.

⁶ A 'looked after child' is a child who is (a) in the care of a local authority in England, or (b) being provided with accommodation by a local authority in England in the exercise of their social services functions (see the definition in Section 22(1) of the Children Act 1989) at the time of making an application to a school.

⁷ This includes children who were adopted under the Adoption Act 1976 (see section 12 adoption orders) and children who were adopted under the Adoption and Children's Act 2002 (see section 46 adoption orders).

⁸ Child arrangements orders are defined in s.8 of the Children Act 1989, as amended by s.12 of the Children and Families Act 2014. Child arrangements orders replace residence orders

- (B) Children who appear to have been in state care outside of England and ceased to be in state care as a result of being adopted¹⁰
- (C) Children who have either medical or social grounds for admission to a particular school. This evidence must set out the particular reason why the school in question is the only suitable school and the difficulties caused if the child had to attend another school. The LA's decision in these matters is final.
- (D) Children of staff at a particular school. Where a member of staff has been employed at the school for two or more years at the time at which the application for admission to the school is made and/or the member of staff is recruited to fill a vacant post for which there is demonstrable skill shortage.
- (E) Children who live in the **designated area** of the school and who have a **sibling** who will still be attending the school at the time of the child's admission.
- (F) Children who live in the **designated area** of the school
- (G) Children who **do not** live in the designated area of the school but who have a **sibling** at the school, and who will still be attending the school at the time of the child's admission.
- (H) All other children

Children must be living in the designated area at the closing date of 15 January 2020 to be considered under this criterion.

Tie Break

After this, if there are still insufficient places, and no distinction can be made between the applicants or if they do not fulfil any of the above criteria, a final decision will be made on the *radial distance* (straight line distance on a map) between the home and the school. Those living nearer to the school will be placed higher than those living further away. Radial distance will be based on the co-ordinates for the property and the school as defined in the Local Land and Property Gazetteer and based on the Ordnance Survey's national system. For new build properties these co-ordinates may not yet be finalised by the Local Land and Property Gazetteer and therefore the co-ordinates available as of the closing date for applications will be used.

Distances are measured using direct distance calculations within a computer system. The measurement of each distance has been calculated using Pythagoras' Theorem. The way in which this is done is to calculate the distance in metres between the Easting and Northing co-ordinates for each location. The measurement in metres is then multiplied by 0.000621317 to convert this measurement to miles. The same

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⁹ See Section 14A of the Children Act 1989 which defines a 'special guardianship order' as an order appointing one or more individuals to be a child's special guardian (or special guardians).

¹⁰ This includes children who were in state care in a place outside of England, if they were accommodated by, a public authority, a religious organisation or other provider of care whose sole purpose is to benefit society.

method of calculation is used for each direct distance measured. This can be to three, four or five decimal places where necessary.

Distances for split site schools will be measured as above to both sites and the shortest distance will then be used for the application.

If in the event that two or more children live at the same distance from school and it cannot be separated, for example where families live in flats and there are fewer places available, then random allocation will be used to decide which child will be allocated the remaining place(s). The process will be drawn and scrutinised by people who are independent of the Council. Random allocation will not be used for multiple birth siblings (twins, triplets etc) from the same family tied for the final place.

Where demand exists, schools admit up to their admission number and no places are reserved for pupils moving into their designated area.

As soon as all applications have been received, including those submitted on line and from outside Bracknell Forest, the LA will consider all applications equally for its maintained schools and apply the admissions arrangements as published.

- **Oversubscription criteria for the following voluntary controlled primary schools**

The LA is the admission authority for their voluntary controlled schools and sets the admission criteria.

These criteria apply to the following schools:

Crowthorne CE Primary	Warfield CE Primary
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If the number of requests for places is equal to or less than the number of places available, then all applicants could be offered a place at that school.

Children with an Education Health and Care Plan that names a specific school must, by law, be admitted to that school.

After this requirement has been satisfied the following rules will apply:

- (A) Looked After Children¹¹ and all previously looked after children. Previously looked after children are children who were looked after, but ceased to be so because they were adopted¹² (or became subject to a child arrangements order¹³ or special guardianship order¹⁴) immediately following having been looked after.

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- (B) Children who appear to have been in state care outside of England and ceased to be in state care as a result of being adopted¹⁵
- (C) Children who have either medical or social grounds for admission to a particular school. This evidence must set out the particular reason why the school in question is the only suitable school and the difficulties caused if the child had to attend another school. The LA's decision in these matters is final.
- (D) Children of staff at a particular school. Where a member of staff has been employed at the school for two or more years at the time at which the application for admission to the school is made and/or the member of staff is recruited to fill a vacant post for which there is demonstrable skill shortage.
- (E) Children who live in the **designated area** of the school and who have a **sibling** who will still be attending the school at the time of the child's admission and whose parent(s) meet the **denominational** criterion.
- (F) Children who live in the **designated area** of the school and who have a **sibling** who will still be attending the school at the time of the child's admission
- (G) Children who live in the **designated area** of the school and whose parent(s) meet the **denominational** criterion.
- (H) Children who live in the **designated area** of the school.
- (I) Children who do not live in the designated area of the school but who have a **sibling** who will still be attending the school at the time of the child's admission and whose parent(s) meet the **denominational** criterion.
- (J) Children who do not live in the designated area of the school but who have a **sibling** who will still be attending the school at the time of the child's admission
- (K) Children who do not live in the designated area of the school but whose parents meet the **denominational** criterion
- (L) All other children

Children must be living in the designated area at the closing date of 15 January 2020 to be considered under this criterion.

Tie Break

After this, if there are still insufficient places, and no distinction can be made between the applicants or if they do not fulfil any of the above criteria, a final decision will be

order.

¹⁴ See Section 14A of the Children Act 1989 which defines a 'special guardianship order' as an order appointing one or more individuals to be a child's special guardian (or special guardians).

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made on the *radial distance* (straight line distance on a map) between the home and the school. Those living nearer to the school will be placed higher than those living further away. Radial distance will be based on the co-ordinates for the property and the school as defined in the Local Land and Property Gazetteer and based on the Ordnance Survey's national system. For new build properties these co-ordinates may not yet be finalised by the Local Land and Property Gazetteer and therefore the co-ordinates available as of the closing date for applications will be used.

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If in the event that two or more children live at the same distance from school and it cannot be separated, for example where families live in flats and there are fewer places available, then random allocation will be used to decide which child will be allocated the remaining place(s). The process will be drawn and scrutinised by people who are independent of the council. Random allocation will not be used for multiple birth siblings (twins, triplets etc) from the same family tied for the final place.

Where demand exists, schools admit up to their admission number and no places are reserved for pupils moving into their designated area.

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GENERAL INFORMATION FOR ALL APPLICATIONS

- **Voluntary controlled schools – Denominational Criterion**

Where denominational grounds are a reason for the application for a *voluntary controlled school* (Crowthorne CE School and Warfield CE School it will be necessary for at least one of the parents/carers of the child concerned to regularly attend a church that is part of the group of Churches Together in Britain and Ireland or the Evangelical Alliance.

At least one of the parents/carers, who live at the same address as the child, must attend worship on at least two occasions in each calendar month for at least 8 months of the year in the 12 months prior to the published closing date for admissions or the date of application if it is an in-year application. Attendance does not include services of marriage, funerals or christenings (except for the christening of the child seeking entrance to the particular school).

Applicants will need to complete the relevant form in order to confirm that they are applying to the school on denominational grounds. In addition it will then be

necessary for the form to be passed onto their local clergy for verification before it is sent to the School Admissions Team.

- **Protected Sibling Status**

Parents of children attending a school that was their designated area school at the time of processing the application but where the designated area has changed will have a protection for any younger siblings. The younger sibling's application will be processed as living in the designated area of the same school as the older sibling is attending even though the designated area has changed.

It is the parent's responsibility to inform the School Admissions Team on their application that they fulfil this criterion. This information will then be verified by the School Admissions Team. Parents **must** enclose a copy of their current council tax notice.

The child must still be living at the address within the original designated area from where the parents applied for the older sibling. If a child's address has changed then this criterion will not be applied.

The older sibling must also still be attending the school where the protected sibling status is being requested.

Note that in all cases the normal admission process will be followed and there will be no guarantee of a place at the school.

- **Social and Medical Grounds**

If a child has a social and medical need that would cause significant physical and / or mental hardship, an applicant can indicate that they wish their application to be considered under social and medical grounds.

It is the applicant's responsibility to obtain a Supplementary Social and Medical Information Form which must be completed and returned to the School Admissions Team along with supporting written evidence from a professional by the given closing date. For In-Year applications the evidence must be submitted at the time of application. The supporting evidence for social and medical grounds should be from the relevant registered professional(s) involved with the child. Examples include registered health professionals, such as Consultant, GP, Psychologist or Psychiatrist. All evidence must be on letter headed paper and reflect the child's current situation.

This evidence must prove why the school in question is the **only** suitable school and why the child cannot attend another school. This evidence must be specific to the school in question.

It is the applicants responsibility to provide all evidence in support of their request and it is not possible for it to be considered under this criterion if no evidence is supplied.

All schools have the resources to work with special educational needs and common childhood complaints such as asthma.

Requests will be considered in accordance with the Equalities Act 2010.

FOR PRIMARY APPLICATIONS ONLY: Also considered under this criterion on social grounds will be parents who have applied for a place at their designated area school as a higher preferred school (than the one offered) for an older child by the published closing date and the local authority have been unable to meet this preference and a place has been allocated to this older child at an alternative school. If the parent then wishes to apply for this alternative school by the published closing date for their younger child (and the older child will still be attending at the date of admission of the younger child) then the applicant must notify The School Admissions Team on their application for that younger child that they consider this criterion applies and ensure all relevant information is supplied.

If a parent moves house or chooses not to accept the offer of a place at their designated area school then this information will have been recorded by The School Admissions Team at the time and will be used in the decision making process as to whether a younger child will be accepted as fulfilling this criterion.

- **Staff**

Any applications under this criterion will be referred to the particular school that is named on the application for confirmation that the application meets the set criterion.

- **Appeals**

If parents have been refused a place at one or more of their preferences they will be informed of their right of appeal. All appeals for Bracknell Forest schools must be submitted by 18 May 2020. Admissions authorities will then endeavour to hear all appeals submitted by this date within 40 school days.

- **Waiting lists**

The LA will maintain waiting lists for all Bracknell Forest maintained schools. Applicants not offered a place at a higher preference school than that which has been offered will automatically be placed on a waiting list for a school that is within Bracknell. Parents should be aware that their child's name can go up or down the waiting list according to the priority of new additions to the list, for example someone moving into the area is placed on the appropriate place on the waiting list. Waiting lists must be maintained in criteria order at all time. The LA will maintain the waiting lists for all Bracknell Forest maintained schools for the school year for which they have applied. At the end of the school year the waiting list will end and parents will need to reapply for a place for the following year. No reminders will be sent.

**PUBLISHED ADMISSIONS NUMBERS (PAN) FOR COMMUNITY
AND VOLUNTARY CONTROLLED PRIMARY SCHOOLS**

2020/21

School	2020/21 PAN
Primary Schools:	

Ascot Heath Primary	60
Birch Hill Primary	60
College Town Primary	90
Cranbourne Primary	30
Crowthorne CE Primary	30
Fox Hill Primary	30
Harmans Water Primary	90
Holly Spring Primary	90
Meadow Vale Primary School	90
New Scotland Hill Primary	30
Owlsmoor Primary	90
Pines Primary	60
Sandy Lane Primary	90
Uplands Primary	30
Warfield CE Primary	60
Whitegrove Primary	60
Wildridings Primary	60
Winkfield St Mary's CE Primary	30
Wooden Hill Primary	50